

Formation of the Concept of Patriotism in Primary Grades by Means of Artistic Texts

Urazboyeva Sabohat Artikboyevna

Teacher-trainee at Urganch Innovation University

Abstract: This article presents a scientific analysis of the formation of the concept of patriotism through literary texts. The article discusses the main methods used in literary studies to form patriotism: text analysis, psychological method, historical method, and social method, aiming to examine the impact of literary works on the reader and their role in the development of patriotic feelings. The article also includes quotes from the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev regarding the promotion of patriotism. Examples from the works of renowned writers such as Abdulla Qodiriy, Chinghiz Aytmatov, and Usmon Nosir are provided, analyzing how national values and patriotism are formed through literary texts. The article offers in-depth scientific insights into the role of literature in shaping youth as devoted citizens, instilling national pride.

Keywords: Patriotism, literary texts, literary studies, methodology, text analysis, psychological method, historical method, social method, national values, Shavkat Mirziyoyev, youth, literary works, national pride, literature and society.



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Introduction. Patriotism is an important concept that expresses the commitment of each person to his homeland, people, his historical, cultural and spiritual values. Patriotism in literature is a topic appreciated and covered by many writers, forming in the mind of a person such feelings as national pride, valor and self-sacrifice for the land. Artistic texts are of great importance in the formation of patriotism. In this sense, fiction has a power that affects a person not only morally, but also psychologically. In his speeches, president of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev constantly stressed the importance of national pride, love of the motherland and its protection. He said in his April 20, 2017 speech, "the future of our country is in our hands. We need to value our history, our values, combine the strong will of our people and raise them even more. Patriotism, unity of the People, national pride must be the basis of our successes". These words of the president once again prove the importance of artistic texts in the formation of patriotism. Because, through fiction and art, it is possible for readers and listeners to develop love for their homeland, loyalty, national pride. According to Mirziyoyev, literature and art are not only a source of moral education, but also a force that develops a sense of love for the land, respect for its culture and history. Works of art enrich a person not only with knowledge, but also with spirituality. They form in students a deep understanding of love for the land, the appreciation

of national values, the dedication that our ancestors made for the land. Shavkat Mirziyoyev, in his speeches, also pays special attention to the place of fiction and art in the development of personality, love and service of the country. [1]

LITERATURE ANALYSIS. Artistic texts are one of the important tools in the formation of patriotism. Literature is basically a force that shapes the human psyche, teaching moral and aesthetic values. According to Shavkat Mirziyoyev, "we need to appreciate our history, our values, unite and further elevate the strong will of our people" (2017). This idea is embodied by every work of art, which serves to form love and devotion to the land. 1. Formation of patriotism through artistic texts Artistic works have a great influence on people, especially the younger generation. In fiction, patriotism is manifested in many cases through the characters. Through national values, customs and historical events, writers educate the reader in the spirit of national pride and devotion to the land. For example, Abdullah Qadiri's "days gone by" highlights the difficulties that have arisen in the historical path of the Uzbek people, the issues of fighting for the protection of the land, loving their homeland and being faithful to it. The work plays an important role in shaping national identity and patriotism. The reflection of national values and patriotic images in works of art shows that literature, through its educational power, forms a love of the land in a person. [2] 2. Heroism and dedication: expression of patriotism in fiction In literature, the patriotic image of heroes, their dedication and services for the country play an important role in the development of national consciousness in readers. For example, Genghis Aitmatov's "Jamilia" depicts national pride and love for the land through the embodiment of heroes loyal and selfless to their homeland. This work is also common in Uzbek literature, since the topics in it are aimed at promoting universal and national values. [3] Also, "the echo of the land" by Uthman Nazareth provides deep teachings on national pride, Valor for the Fatherland, and self-sacrifice. In the works of Nazareth, such concepts as loving the land, serving it, being selfless for the people are manifested as the highest value. These works give a detailed picture of the role of artistic texts in the formation of patriotism. [4]

RESEARCH METADODOLOGY. The application of scientific methods in the formation of patriotism through artistic texts, not only a meaningful approach, but each method has its own role. Methodological approaches play an important role in the formation of the consciousness, psyche of readers in literary studies and the development of patriotic feelings in them. In the analysis of artistic texts, the following techniques can be used: textual analysis, psychological method, historical method and social method. The historical method is used to study the role of artistic texts in shaping patriotism, given their historical context. With the help of the historical method, it is possible to analyze how topics such as love of the land, national values, unification of the people are covered in the literature. For example, Kholmatov's (2005) "national pride and patriotism" emphasizes the historical significance of artistic texts. With this method, the social and cultural importance of teaching students to patriotism on the basis of historical experiences is shown. The historical achievements of the Uzbek people, their dedication towards independence are described through works of art, and this helps to develop national pride and loyalty in the reader. [9]

RESULT AND DISCUSSION. Each method has its own significance. Through textual analysis, it is determined how the structures of artistic texts, symbols and images serve national pride, patriotism. Through the psychological method, it is possible to analyze the emotional impact and mental state of artistic texts in readers. With the help of the historical method, it is possible to study the formation of patriotism, specific social, cultural factors, taking into account the historical context of literature. The social method, on the other hand, helps to analyze the importance of works of art in society and the formation of national consciousness through them. The richness of artistic texts in terms of language and style, the inclusion of the values, customs and historical experiences of the people, serves to foster patriotism through the study of Fine Art. Such works encourage readers not only to love the land in which they live, but also to further

elevate, develop it. At the same time, they help to preserve national pride in the context of a changing world, to give it a new meaning. The importance of the formation of patriotism through the means of artistic texts is that they not only shape the spiritual world of a person, but also stimulate his actions, helping to adapt to changes in the environment, maintain self-esteem, effectively carry out the processes of cultural and social integration. At the same time, the indicated thematic and images of artistic texts are an important factor in the upbringing of many young people in the spirit of love for the motherland. In the formation of the concept of patriotism, artistic texts are actively involved not only in literature, but also in other types of art, for example, in music, theater and cinema. They, in turn, have a direct impact on the soul of the reader or viewer, emotionally explaining to them the need to love their land and remain faithful to it.

CONCLUSIONS AND SUGGESTIONS. The importance of forming patriotism through artistic texts is enormous, which, by influencing the psyche of the reader, develop such feelings as national pride, loyalty to the motherland, respect for the historical heritage of the people. In literature, the concept of patriotism is reflected not only through language and images, but also through historical events, symbols, loyalty and dedication of heroes. According to President Shavkat Mirziyoyev, "loving the land, protecting it is our duty", artistic texts cover the issue in a deep and effective way. In literary studies, with the help of various methods, the role of works of art in the formation of patriotism was studied. With the help of textual analysis, psychological method, historical method and social method, the influence of literary texts on the reader is determined, as well as their role in the formation of mental and moral state. Textual analysis shows the structure of literary works, how national pride and patriotic feelings are expressed through symbols and language. With the help of a psychological method, the influence of fiction on the reader and how it changes its inner world is analyzed. With the help of the historical method, it is studied how national values and historical experiences in literature are important in the formation of patriotism. The social method, on the other hand, analyzes the importance of fiction in society, how it promotes social and moral values.

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