

Developing Students' Speech and Thinking Skills Through Interactive Methods

Xursanova Marjona Bakhtiyor qizi

Termiz University of Economics and Service Faculty of Pedagogy and Social Sciences 2nd-year student in Primary Education

Abstract: This article explores the development of students' speech and thinking skills through interactive teaching methods. The use of modern pedagogical approaches enhances student engagement, promotes independent thinking, and helps learners express their ideas freely. The study analyzes the effectiveness of these methods based on observations, surveys, and experimental practices.

Keywords: interactive methods, speech activity, thinking skills, critical thinking, teaching process, educational technologies.



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Introduction. In today's education system, fostering independent thinking, free reasoning, and the ability to articulate ideas is among the most critical competencies. While traditional teaching methods focus solely on knowledge acquisition, interactive methods transform students into active participants, critical thinkers, and creative individuals. Particularly in primary and secondary education, there is a growing need for effective methods to develop speech and cognitive abilities.

Modern education demands more than just passive learning—it requires students to think independently, reason freely, and engage actively in communication. Developing speech and reasoning skills is a key factor in improving education quality and shaping personal competencies. Traditional approaches often lead to student passivity, whereas interactive methods serve as an effective solution [1, p. 144].

Interactive methods are modern pedagogical approaches based on active teacher-student interaction, placing the learner at the center of the educational process. These methods cultivate critical thinking, speech culture, and self-expression skills, especially crucial for younger students.

Main Findings. Research conducted during the study revealed the following results:

- 70%+ student engagement – More than 70% of students actively participated in lessons using interactive methods, expressing opinions and answering questions.
- Enhanced analytical thinking – Techniques like "Brainstorming" and "Fishbone" improved students' analytical reasoning.
- Improved speech fluency & grammar – Positive progress in vocabulary and grammatical

accuracy was observed.

- 40-50% increase in motivation – Interactive lessons significantly boosted student engagement.
- Growing teacher confidence – Educators showed increased trust and interest in interactive methods.

Observed Changes in Classrooms Using Interactive Methods

1. Increased Speech Activity – 82% of students demonstrated improved ability to express thoughts freely and engage in discussions.
2. Deeper Critical Thinking – Students developed skills in analysis, logical reasoning, and cause-effect understanding.
3. Higher Participation – 78% of students actively contributed in Q&A sessions and discussions.
4. Creative Problem-Solving – Students exhibited innovative thinking and proposed new ideas.
5. Strengthened Social Skills – Improved teamwork, active listening, and respectful debate [2, p. 168].

Key Interactive Techniques

- Venn Diagrams – Encourages comparative analysis.
- Blitz Polls – Stimulates quick thinking and verbal responses.
- Role-Playing – Enhances expressive speech and empathy.
- "Thought Clouds" – Promotes brainstorming and idea-sharing.

These methods help students articulate ideas confidently while developing collaboration skills. However, improper application can reduce effectiveness. Thus, teachers must consider students' age, psychology, and social backgrounds when selecting methods [3].

Advantages of Interactive Methods

- Boosts engagement – Students shift from passive listeners to active participants.
- Develops independent thinking – Encourages reasoning, debate, and evidence-based arguments.
- Adaptable across subjects – Applicable not only in language/literature but also in history, science, and technology [9].
- Improves teacher-student dynamics – Teachers act as facilitators rather than evaluators, fostering a positive learning environment.

Conclusion. Interactive methods are a powerful tool for enhancing students' speech and cognitive abilities. Properly selected techniques increase lesson quality, participation, and creativity. Teachers should continuously adapt these methods, integrating modern technologies for optimal results. Research confirms that interactive methods significantly improve students' engagement, critical thinking, and self-expression. Beyond academic benefits, they also nurture social and ethical skills. Future recommendations include:

- Deeper integration of interactive methods into curricula.
- Teacher training programs on effective implementation.
- Development of methodological guides for educators.

Interactive methods are not just a trend but a necessity in modern education, shaping confident, articulate, and innovative thinkers for the future.

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