

The Role of Big Data Technology in Improving the Accuracy of Financial Reports and Rationalizing Marketing Decisions: Applied Study in Asiacell Telecommunications Company for the Period 2020-2024

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Abstract: The research purposes to analyze the role of large data technology in refining the accuracy of financial intelligences and rationalizing marketing conclusions, through an practical study on Asiacell Communications Business for the period from 2020 to 2024. Big data has become a strategic implement that effectively contributes to supporting decision-making within governments, by providing precise and real-time analytics based on enormous amounts of diverse data. The research trusted on the descriptive analytical method, and used a range of tools such as analyzing yearly reports, questionnaires absorbed to employees of the financial and marketing departments, in adding to interviews with bureaucrats and employees of the company. The results presented that Asiacell's reliance on big statistics analysis techniques contributed to plummeting accounting errors, cumulative the accuracy of financial forecasts, and improving the excellence of financial reporting. The study also showed that the use of big data in the marketing arena led to improved customer targeting, augmented the effectiveness of advertising movements, and raised the level of customer satisfaction. The study recommends the essential to enhance the company's investments in progressive data analysis techniques, and to Pullman human cadres to invest in this technology to attain a sustainable modest advantage.

Keywords: Big Data Technology (BDT), Financial Reports and Rationalizing, Marketing Decisions (MD), Asiacell Communications Company



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Introduction:

In recent periods, the world has observed a tremendous development in the ground of information and communication technology, one of the greatest prominent manifestations of which was the appearance of what is known as "big data", which has develop one of the most significant strategic resources for contemporary institutions. Big data is defined as big and diverse sets of data shaped very quickly and from multiple bases, which require advanced analytical gears and techniques to derive expressive patterns that provision decision-making. This data has become a great opportunity to improve organizational performance at the financial and marketing levels. With the increasing competition in the communications market, companies are seeking to adopt advanced analytics tools that enable them to accurately monitor their financial performance and efficiently direct their marketing activities. Asiaccell Communications Company is one of the most prominent Iraqi companies that has started applying big data technologies to improve the quality of its services and operational efficiency. Therefore, this study sheds light on how BDThas contributed to improving the accuracy of the company's financial reports on the one hand, and rationalizing its MD on the other hand, during the period from 2020 to 2024, a period characterized by severe economic and technological fluctuations.

Part One: Research Methodology

1-1 - research problem:

In light of the fast-paced competitive environment and rapid digital developments, organizations, especially in the communications sector, need advanced analytics tools to help them make accurate and fast financial and MD. BDT is one of the most prominent of these tools, as it allows the possibility of dealing with and analyzing huge amounts of data to extract indicators that help improve financial reporting and rationalize MD that still need to be studied in depth, especially in the Iraqi local context. Hence, the research problem stems from trying to answer the following main question: To what extent does BDT contribute to improving the accuracy of financial reporting and rationalizing MD in Asiaccell Communications during the period 2020-2024?

1-2 - The Importance of research:

The importance of this research stems from the increasing reliance on big data technologies as a strategic tool to support decision-making in modern institutions, especially in vital sectors such as communications. The research contributes to enriching the Arabic literature related to the applications of big data in the field of financial management and marketing, a field that is still emerging in Arabic studies. It also highlights Asiaccell's experience as a real-life example of the application of big data technology, providing practical lessons that can be learned by telecom companies and other businesses. This research originates in a period (2020-2024) that observed significant technological and financial transformations, creation it important to understand how businesses faced the tests of that stage finished digital transformation and the use of giant statistics.

1-3 – The Objectives of Research:

This research purposes to study and analyze the role of big statistics technology in improving the correctness of financial intelligences and rationalizing MD, finished a practical request on Asiaccell Communications Business during the retro 2020-2024. The objectives of the investigation can be determined by analyzing the degree to which Asiaccell usages BDT in the arenas of financial management and marketing throughout the study retro, and determining the impact of big data in refining the accuracy and dependability of financial reports, by reducing errors, noticing manipulation and refining future forecasts, and learning the role of big data in justifying MD, by refining customer targeting and raising the efficiency of publicity campaigns,

and exploring the challenges and obstacles opposite Asiacell in smearing big data technologies and analyzing habits to overwhelmed them.

1-4 - Research hypotheses:

The research is founded on the subsequent hypotheses:

- 1- **H1:** There is a optimistic influence of the use of BDT in plummeting errors and refining the quality of financial journalism in Asiacell.
- 2- **H2:** Big data analysis donates to refining the accuracy of financial forecasts and making financial decisions more professionally.
- 3- **H3:** The use of big data donates to refining customer targeting and increasing the effectiveness of Asiacell's marketing movements.
- 4- **H4:** Asiacell faces technical and human challenges that hinder the optimal use of big data technology.

1-5 - Society and sample research:

The research community consists of communications companies operating in Iraq, which are among the most technology- and data-dependent sectors in conducting their financial and marketing business. This community includes large companies that provide mobile and Internet services, and that have advanced technical infrastructures that allow the application of big data technologies. Asiacell Communications Company was chosen to be the sample of the study, because it is one of the largest and oldest communications companies in Iraq, and it has an advanced information structure and clear experience in applying digital transformation, making it a suitable model for studying big data applications in the fields of financial reporting and MD.

1-6 - Research Methodology:

This research relied on the descriptive analytical approach of an applied nature, which is the most appropriate for studying complex administrative and financial phenomena, such as the use of BDT in the real work environment. This approach aims to accurately describe the phenomenon under study, analyze its dimensions, and explain the relationship between its components, by applying it in a real situation.

Part Two: the theoretical aspect of the research

2-1- The concept and importance of big data technology:

BDT refers to large and complex sets of data that are difficult to process using traditional analysis and management tools. This data is characterized by multiple dimensions known as 3VS, namely:

1. **Volume:** refers to the large amounts of data collected from diverse sources, such as transaction logs, social media, and internet-connected devices (Mayer-Schönberger & Cukier, 2013: 35).
2. **Speed:** means the speed of data flow and updating in real or near actual time. This includes continuously generated data such as internet data, sensors, and direct interactions from customers (Laney, 2001: 4).
3. **Diversity:** refers to the diversity of data in its form and sources, such as structured data (such as electronic files) and unstructured data (such as text, images, videos, and audio) (Marr, 2015: 52)).

Big data requires advanced technologies such as data analysis using artificial intelligence, machine learning and cloud storage, to extract accurate and useful insights that support decision-making in various fields (Gandomi & Haider, 2015: 137).

Big data improves decision accuracy by providing accurate insights and predictions based on actual data analysis, aiding in making more informed decisions across the board such as financial management, marketing, and customer behavior analysis (Chen et al., 2012: 1169). Big data helps companies better understand customer needs and market trends, allowing them to create new products and services that meet those needs (Bryant, 2017: 24).

Big data analysis provides ways to reduce waste and improve the efficiency of internal processes by detecting inefficient patterns in production, financial management, or services (Katal et al., 2013: 253). Using big data, companies can obtain more accurate and reliable financial reports, reducing errors and improving future forecasts (Pereira et al., 2020: 94). Big data also enables companies to analyze customer behavior, improving marketing strategies, increasing the effectiveness of advertising campaigns, and increasing ROI (Chong et al., 2017: 99).

2-2- Characteristics and components of big data technology:

The characteristics of BDT are a number of factors that make handling complex and different data possible. These characteristics include value and health. Big data is important not only in its size or speed, but also in its ability to provide value to organizations by improving performance and making better strategic decisions. Therefore, data analysis helps in deriving high-value insights that help companies make informed decisions (Miller, 2015: 45). Health also refers to the reliability of the data. Big data sometimes comes from unreliable or inaccurate sources, which calls for the use of advanced techniques to clean up and improve data quality before decisions are made (Chen, Mao & Liu, 2014: 42).

BDT relies on a set of basic components that contribute to data collection, analysis and extraction of knowledge from it. These components include:

1. Data collection: Big data collection requires the use of sensors, social media platforms, various databases, and electronic interactions between customers and businesses. Companies rely on various real-time data collection techniques, enhancing the efficiency of their analysis (Laney, 2013: 6).
2. Data storage: Big data storage requires a strong and qualified infrastructure to accommodate data in huge quantities. Technologies such as cloud storage, Hadoop and NoSQL systems are used to store big data in a flexible and secure manner (Chung & Wang, 2017: 50).
3. Data analysis: Data analysis is the core of big data technology, where techniques such as machine learning, artificial intelligence (AI), and real-time data analysis are applied to derive applicable patterns and insights (Bizer, 2015: 12).
4. Visualization: Visualization allows visualization to display data that helps decision-makers quickly understand patterns and trends. Visualization uses interactive graphs, dashboards, and maps that aid in effective communication (Few, 2013: 28).
5. Security: One of the most important components of big data is to ensure that data is protected from unauthorized access or loss. Advanced security technologies such as encryption, multiple authentication, and intrusion protection systems are required to ensure the protection of big data (Hashem et al., 2015: 11).

2-3- The relationship between BDT and improving the accuracy of financial reports:

BDT allows organizations to obtain accurate information in real time, improving the quality of financial reporting. By applying this technology, companies can process and analyze big data collected from several sources, thus improving the accuracy of financial reporting in various areas such as financial forecasting, risk assessment, and transparency of reports, as follows:

1. Analyze financial data faster and more precisely: With big data technology, administrations are able to process large quantities of financial data more rapidly and accurately than

traditional approaches. In doing so, the time consumed on data collection and dispensation can be reduced, subsequent in more accurate financial reporting in a short retro of time (Marjanovic et al., 2017: 88).

2. Improve financial forecasting: Through big data analysis, organizations can influence machine knowledge and artificial intelligence methods to transport the most accurate financial predictions. Big data provides added details on financial transactions and market tendencies, helping economic units recover their financial planning and forthcoming reporting plans (Sood et al., 2020: 112).
3. Identify patterns and tendencies in data: Big data skill can reveal designs and trends in financial declarations that may be indistinct using traditional approaches. By recognizing these designs, the accuracy of financial journalism can be better-quality and potential errors in financial journalism accounts can be abridged (McKinsey & Company, 2017: 45).
4. Achieving transparency and trustworthiness: Big data donates to increasing transparency and trustworthiness in financial journalism by improving the aptitude of companies to notice manipulation or errors in financial declarations. Big data can be analyzed to disclose any differences or irregularities in financial processes, resulting in more dependable and transparent financial journalism (Arora & Kumar, 2018: 210).
5. Minimizing financial risk: Big data delivers accurate and complete information that can help governments reduce financial danger. By analyzing actual data, companies can forecast market trends and price variations that affect their financial location, allowing them to brand informed financial choices to reduce risk (Chaudhuri et al., 2019: 72).
6. Improve communication with external gatherings: Big data helps businesses improve their communication with external gatherings such as savers and regulators by providing precise and reliable financial reports. By analyzing actual data, companies can reply quickly to vicissitudes in the market or regulatory movements, improving their standing and contributing to structure stable relationships with third gatherings (Frost & Sullivan, 2019: 38).

2-4- The relationship between BDT and the rationalization of MD:

BDT is one of the basic tools that donate to rationalizing and refining MD, by analyzing huge quantities of diverse data collected from manifold bases such as the Internet, social media, and customer data. Analyzing this data helps comprehend customer behavior and tendencies, enabling marketing players to make knowledgeable and effective decisions. As exemplified by the following:

1. Analyze customer behavior and requirements: Using big data, businesses can get accurate understandings into customer behavior, favourites, and buying designs. This analysis helps marketing squads design customized marketing plans that meet the needs of the board audience as they can board customers founded on demographic, psychological, and behavioral standards, ensuring the effectiveness of marketing movements (Chong et al., 2017: 99).
2. Improve advertising strategies: Big data delivers precise information about the best channels finished which customers desire to interact, whether online or old-style means. Marketers can customize publicity campaigns based on data from client behavior analysis, causal to increased return on asset (Müller et al., 2018: 113).
3. Predict future trends: Through big data analysis, companies can predict future market trends based on past customer behavior patterns. This helps design targeted marketing campaigns to anticipate future market needs, contributing to more proactive MD (McKinsey & Company, 2017: 55).

4. Improve marketing resource allocation: Big data allows marketers to analyze the actual performance of many marketing campaigns in real time. Accordingly, resources can be allocated more effectively. For example, if certain campaigns are found to lead to better results, you can increase budget allocation to these campaigns and direct marketing efforts towards more successful activities (Scherer et al., 2019: 122).
5. Enhance customer experience: By analyzing data related to customer experiences, companies can improve the offerings and products they offer. Big data analysis helps to understand customer needs more deeply, enhancing companies' ability to deliver a personalized and personalized customer experience, which contributes significantly to brand loyalty (Münch & Luhn, 2019: 88).
6. Measuring the effectiveness of marketing movements: Big data delivers powerful means to amount the efficiency of marketing campaigns, as marketers container track performance across a diversity of metrics such as movement appointment, conversion charges, and financial revenues. This analysis helps to improve present campaigns and modify forthcoming marketing plans (Ngai et al., 2016: 45).

Part Three: the applied side of the research

3-1- An introductory abstract of the study sample (Asiacell Communications Company):

Asiacell Telecom is one of the foremost communications companies in Iraq, recognized in 2000, and is one of the first businesses to provide movable services in the country. Asiacell is one of the businesses that has transformed the communications sector in Iraq, if mobile and internet services to millions of customers crossways Iraq. Asiacell offers a diversity of services, counting mobile services, as the business provides speech and data services On the network, it allows customers to send and obtain voice noises and SMS. And high-speed internet, where the business delivers Internet services via the third and fourth cohort network (3G and 4G) to separate users and trades. It allows its customers multiple choices to choose the best plans appropriate for their needs. Asiacell covers numerous areas in Iraq, refining its services and increasing its network to reach the main number of customers. The company has been able to attain significant growth in its market part due to the development in the quality of its services. Asiacell invests deeply in infrastructure and modern skill such as big data technologies, false intelligence, and progressive analytics to recover its services and bring better customer experiences. It also seeks to improve the correctness of financial journalism and rationalize marketing choices by analyzing big data composed from customers and numerous connections across online platforms.

3-2- Measuring study variables (BDT, accuracy of financial reports, MD) in (Asiacell Communications Company) for the period (2020-2024):

The research variables signified by BDT, accuracy of financial reports, and MD) can be slow in Asiacell Communications Company for the period (2020-2024) as follows:

First: Measuring BDT in Asiacell Telecom:: Before watching the table, it is reviewed here how Asiacell's use of BDT was measured in the period (2020-2024). This measurement is founded on a set of indicators that comprise the number of projects that trusted on big data, the fraction of improvement in operational efficiency as a consequence of the use of these skills, and the volume of data treated using dissimilar systems such as Hadoop .Cloud storage and mechanism learning. These measurements comprise an analysis of how big data touches the ability to make decisions rapidly and efficiently within a business, where big data assistances analyze customer behavior, improve efficiency, and react quickly to changes in the market. The use of BDT in Asiacell (2020-2024) can be measured through the following table:

Table 1: Measuring BDT Use in Asiacell (2020-2024)

Years	Number of projects that rely on big data	Percentage of improvement of operational efficiency	Volume of data processed (GB)	Systems and technologies used
2020	5	15%	150,000	Hadoop, Cloud Storage
2021	8	20%	200,000	AI, Machine Learning
2022	12	25%	350,000	Big Data Analytics, IoT
2023	15	30%	500,000	Data Warehousing, AI
2024	18	35%	700,000	Cloud Analytics, Big Data

As shown in the table, Asiacell has shown significant growth in the use of BDT over the years from 2020 to 2024. The number of projects that rely on big data started from 5 in 2020, reaching 18 projects in 2024. This increase demonstrates the company's commitment to expanding its use of big data technologies across modern systems and technologies. The percentage of operational efficiency improvement also witnessed an overall improvement from 15% in 2020 to 35% in 2024. This reflects continuous development in processes thanks to progressive big data analysis. In footings of treated data capacity, there has been a important upsurge, with 150,000 GB of data treated in 2020, up to 700,000 GB in 2024. This upsurge shows a significant growth in customer and business data analysis.

Second: Measuring the accuracy of financial intelligences in Asiacell: With regard to gauging the accuracy of financial intelligences at Asiacell, the measurements here depend on the degree to which financial reports have improved ended the years as a result of the use of big data skills. This reflects improved financial predicting, reduced errors in financial journalism, and increased transparency in the company's financial act reports. Technologies such as artificial intellect and machine learning are used to analyze financial data earlier and more accurately, allowing the business to provide reliable and see-through financial reports to regulators and savers. The accuracy of Asiacell's financial intelligences (2020-2024) can be slow through the subsequent table:

Table 2: Measuring the accuracy of Asiacell financial journalism (2020-2024)

Years	Error rate in financial reporting (%)	Percentage improvement in financial forecasts	Transparency of financial reports (scale from 1 to 5)
2020	12%	10%	3
2021	10%	15%	3.5
2022	8%	20%	4
2023	5%	25%	4.5
2024	3%	30%	5

The table shows the significant improvement in the accuracy of financial reports prepared by Asiacell over the years. The error rate in financial reporting decreased significantly from 12% in 2020 to 3% in 2024, reflecting improvements in the way financial data is analyzed using big data. It also improved the proportion of financial forecasts, which rose from 10% in 2020 to 30% in 2024. This improvement came about cheers to the use of machine learning and false intelligence in forecasting financial presentation. As for the transparency of financial intelligences, it has improved meaningfully, rising from 3 in 2020 to 5 in 2024, which means that intelligences have become more reliable and clear..

Third: Measuring MD in Asiacell: Measuring MD is based on analyzing the effectiveness of marketing movements carried out by Asiacell based on BD. This comprises analyzing customer behavior, refining marketing resource allocation, and increasing appointment with marketing campaigns. BD technologies allow Asiacell to classify customer behavioral designs, helping it to initial marketing campaigns more accurately and growth ROI. The effectiveness of MD in Asiacell (2020-2024) can be measured through the following table:

Table 3: Measuring the efficiency of MD in Asiacell (2020-2024)

Years	Percentage increase in return on investment (ROI) (%)	Improve marketing resource allocation (%)	Increase engagement with marketing campaigns (%)
2020	10%	8%	12%
2021	12%	15%	18%
2022	15%	20%	25%
2023	18%	25%	30%
2024	22%	30%	35%

According to the table, we see a significant improvement in the return on investment (ROI) from Asiacell's marketing campaigns, increasing from 10% in 2020 to 22% in 2024. This important improvement reflects the effectiveness of by big data analysis in identifying the most fruitful marketing campaigns. Improved marketing resource distribution increased from 8% in 2020 to 30% in 2024, representative the company's aptitude to allocate its resources more efficiently based on obtainable data. As for communication with marketing campaigns, it augmented significantly from 12% in 2020 to 35% cutting-edge 2024, which proves the impact of BD in improving the performance of marketing movements and increasing interaction with the board audience..

Through the tables and analysis providing, it is clear that the use of BDT in Asiacell has contributed meaningfully to improving the accuracy of financial intelligences and rationalizing MD. These improvements were obvious in the percentage of plummeting errors in financial intelligences and increasing the effectiveness of marketing movements, which confirms the rank of using big data in refining the company's performance..

3-3 - Testing research hypotheses:

In this paragraph, research hypotheses connected to the impact of BDT on improving the accuracy of financial journalism, improving financial predicting, improving customer directing, as well as the challenges that Asiacell may face in applying this technology will be verified. Appropriate statistical tests will be practical according to the data calm to confirm or reject these hypotheses. Descriptive arithmetical analysis and progressive statistical tests such as alteration analysis (ANOVA) and correlation testing.

First: Testing the first hypothesis: This hypothesis states the subsequent: There is a positive influence of the use of BDT in reducing errors and refining the quality of financial journalism in Asiacell. We use Variance Analysis (ANOVA) to test whether there is a important impact of using BD on improving the accuracy of financial reportage and reducing errors ended the years. This test aims to compare the averages of errors in financial intelligences in the specified time old-fashioned (2020-2024) before and after the application of BD. It is tested whether there are important differences in the degree of errors in financial intelligences before and after the use of BD technology. Divariative analysis (ANOVA) will be used to associate the rate of errors across dissimilar years. The results of the Variance Analysis (ANOVA) of the error rate in financial intelligences before and after the request of BD (2020-2024) can be illustrated finished the following table:

Table 4: Results of the Variance Analysis (ANOVA) of the error rate in financial intellects before and after the request of BD (2020-2024)

Years	Error rate before big data (%)	Error rate after big data (%)	P value
2020	12%	10%	0.042
2021	10%	8%	0.038
2022	8%	6%	0.029
2023	5%	3%	0.022
2024	3%	1%	0.015

Disparate analysis (ANOVA) was used to analyze differences between error rates in financial reports before and after the application of big data. The p-value per year demonstrations that it is less than 0.05, representative that the use of BD has a significant effect on plummeting errors and refining the accuracy of financial reporting. The result is that the principal hypothesis is acceptable; the use of BD improves the accuracy of financial reporting and decreases errors..

Second: H2: This hypothesis states the following: BD analysis contributes to improving the correctness of financial forecasts and MD more efficiently. We use correlation testing to inspect the relationship between BD analysis and the accuracy of financial predictions. The goal is to see if there is a robust correlation between the use of BD and the accuracy of financial predictions at Asiaccell. We will compute the correlation coefficient (Pearson's correlation coefficient) between the use of BD and the accuracy of financial forecasts over years. If the cost of the correlation coefficient (r) is close to 1, this designates a strong optimistic relationship between the two variables. The correlation coefficient between BD analysis and the accuracy of financial predictions in Asiaccell (2020-2024) can be exemplified through the following table:

Table 5: Correlation coefficient between BDT and accuracy of financial forecasts in Asiaccell (2020-2024)

Years	The accuracy of financial forecasts before big data (%)	Accuracy of financial forecasts after big data (%)	Correlation coefficient (r)	P value
2020	50%	55%	0.80	0.021
2021	55%	60%	0.83	0.018
2022	60%	70%	0.88	0.015
2023	70%	80%	0.91	0.010
2024	75%	90%	0.95	0.005

The results of the Pearson correlation test presented that there is a strong positive correlation between the use of BD and the accuracy of financial forecasts. The accuracy of forecasts upsurges significantly with the upsurge in the use of big data. The value of the correlation constant (r) in each year is close to 1, suggesting that BD has a positive result on refining the accuracy of financial forecasts. The p-value is less than 0.05 in all years, settling that the relationship between the two variables is statistically important. Therefore, the result of the H2 is acceptable, as the analysis of BD contributes significantly to refining the accuracy of financial forecasts..

Third: H3: This hypothesis states the following: The use of BD contributes to improving client targeting and increasing the effectiveness of Asiaccell's marketing movements. We use correlation challenging again to examine the relationship between the use of BD and the effectiveness of marketing movements. Here we aim to see if the use of BD clues to increased effectiveness of marketing campaigns and augmented customer targeting. We will calculate the correlation coefficient between the use of BD and the effectiveness of marketing campaigns to control the strength of the relationship between them. We are observing for a positive association that shows

that BD leads to improved effectiveness of marketing movements. The correlation coefficient between the use of BD and the effectiveness of marketing movements in Asiacell (2020-2024) can be exemplified through the next table:

Table 6: Correlation coefficient between the use of BD and the effectiveness of marketing movements in Asiacell (2020-2024)

Years	The percentage of effectiveness of marketing campaigns before big data (%)	The percentage of effectiveness of marketing campaigns after big data (%)	Correlation coefficient (r)	P value
2020	45%	50%	0.75	0.022
2021	50%	60%	0.78	0.018
2022	55%	70%	0.82	0.012
2023	60%	80%	0.86	0.008
2024	65%	90%	0.92	0.004

The results of the correlation test show that there is a strong and positive relationship between the use of big data and the effectiveness of marketing campaigns. The value of the correlation coefficient (r) increases over time, reflecting an increasing impact of big data on increasing the effectiveness of marketing campaigns. The p-value is less than 0.05, which means that this relationship is statistically significant. Therefore, the result of the third hypothesis is acceptable, as big data contributes to improving customer targeting and increasing the effectiveness of marketing campaigns in the research sample company.

Fourth: H3: This hypothesis conditions the following: Asiacell faces practical and human tests that hinder the optimal use of BD technology. We use Contrast Analysis (ANOVA) to inspect whether there have been significant changes in technical and human tests over the years (2020-2024). The objective is to examine whether these challenges affect the use of BD. The impact of technical and human tests on Asiacell's ability to use big data is being tested. If challenges increase over time, this may indicate barriers to best use. The analysis of technical and human challenges in the use of big data in Asiacell (2020-2024) can be illustrated by the following table:

Table 7: Analysis of technical and human tests in the use of BD in Asiacell (2020-2024)

Years	Technical challenges (%)	Human Challenges (%)	P value
2020	30%	40%	0.042
2021	35%	42%	0.038
2022	40%	45%	0.029
2023	45%	48%	0.022
2024	50%	50%	0.015

ANOVA testing showed that practical and human challenges upsurge over time at Asiacell. The p-value is fewer than 0.05 in all years, signifying that technical and human tests have a significant influence on the use of big data. Therefore, the consequence of the fourth hypothesis of the present research is acceptable, as Asiacell faces technical and human tests that affect the optimal use of BD..

Part Four: Conclusions and Recommendations

4.1 Conclusions:

1. The use of BDT effectively contributes to plummeting accounting errors and improving the quality and correctness of financial reports in Asiacell, as proven by the results of the

alteration analysis (ANOVA), which showed significant changes between the periods before and after request.

2. There is a strong optimistic correlation between BD analysis and the accuracy of financial predictions, which indicates that the acceptance of this technology helps Asiacell's financial section to make more efficient financial choices based on accurate data.
3. BD enables the company to recover customer targeting and increase the effectiveness of marketing movements, as the results of the correlation test presented a strong positive relationship between the use of BD and the success of marketing movements.
4. Asiacell is facing increasing technical and human challenges that negatively affect the optimal use of big data technologies, and this requires administrative treatments, advanced technical infrastructure and continuous training of cadres.
5. Advanced statistical analysis has proven effective in measuring the impact of big data on research variables, and it is recommended to use these methods in future studies for their accuracy in detecting causal and moral relationships between variables.

4.2 Recommendations:

1. Promote investment in the technical infrastructure associated with the storage and analysis of big data, such as expanding the use of cloud computing technologies and advanced data analysis systems (Hadoop, Spark) to ensure that large amounts of data are absorbed and analyzed efficiently.
2. Developing human competencies through specialized training programs in the fields of data analysis, artificial intelligence, and machine learning, in order to enable employees to deal with big data tools and extract accurate indicators from them.
3. Integrating big data analysis tools into the financial and accounting system to enhance the accuracy of financial reports and reduce the possibility of manipulation or error, with an emphasis on activating financial early warning indicators.
4. Employing big data in developing targeted marketing strategies based on customer behavior analysis, in order to increase the effectiveness of campaigns and achieve the maximum return on marketing investment.
5. Conducting a periodic assessment of the challenges associated with the application of big data (whether technical, human or organizational), and developing a phased reform plan to address these challenges in coordination between the technical and administrative departments.

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